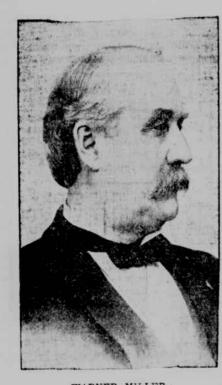
PRESIDENT GUGGENHEIMER TO WEL-COME THE VISITORS THIS MORNING.

THE GATHERING PROMISES TO BE LARGE AND REPRESENTATIVE—THE PRESIDENT'S AND OTHER REPORTS TO BE RECEIVED AT TO-DAY'S SESSIONS -A SMOKER AT

mittee of the Convention of the National Association of Manufacturers, which begins at the Masonic Temple, Sixth-ave, and Twenty-thirdst., this morning, and continues until Thursday, that he finds that press of work will prevent him from delivering the address of welcome, as he hoped to do. He has deputed Randolph Guggenheimer, President of the Municipal Council, to welcome the members and visitors in

The convention promises to be more largely attended than either of the two previous gatherings, at Chicago in 1896 and at Philadelphia last year. Over twenty thousand invitations to mem-



Chairman of the National Convention of Manu

bers of the association and others were sent out by the local committee, and the acceptances received indicate that there will be a large and

When it was decided to hold the convention in this city, at last year's meeting, some members objected that New-Yorkers were always so busy that they would not find time to entertain those who attended the convention. The local committee determined that the justice of this reproach should be disproved. Secretary Charles E. Locke sent on Saturday to all members of the association in this State, New-Jersey and Connecticut, letters urging their attendance at the convention in order that they might greet

At 9 o'clock this morning the clerks will begin the work of registering the names of those who attend the convention. At about 11 o'clock the convention will be called to order, and Mr. Guggenheimer will make the address of welcome. After the announcement of standing committees, the president of the association, Theodore C. Search, of Philadelphia, will read his annual report.

At 12:80 o'clock a special committee appointed for the purpose will conduct all those attending the convention to the steamer St. Louis, of the American Line, where they will be the guests of Clement A. Griscom, president of the line.

Luncheon will be served on the steamer, In the afternoon the reports of the secretary, treasurer and committees will be presented. These include reports on transportation, patthe Department of



merce and Industries, the Paris Exposition of 1900, and sample warehouses.

In the evening, from 8 o'clock until midnight, a smoker will be held at the Waldorf-Astoria. Over \$2,000 will be spent by the Entertainment and Reception Committee on this entertainment It is expected that Camille D'Arville, with many well-known vaudeville artists, will ap-The full programme of the convention for the

three days was given in The Tribune of Sunday. The Executive Committee of the National Association of Manufacturers met last night at the Fifth Avenue Hotel to prepare for the convention. Theodore C. Search, of Philadelphia, presided, and among others present were E. P. Wilson, Cincinnati; Warner Miller, New-York; C. F. Quincy, Chicago; W. C. Lovering, Taunton. Mass.; Benjamin Atha, Newark; George H. Barbour, Detroit: Pliny Jewell, Hart-ford; H. L. Storey, Altadena, Cal.; G. D. Mitchell, Chattanooga; Charles A. Schleren, Brooklyn: Charles A. Moore, New-York, and

Brooklyn: Charles A. Moore, New-York, and D. M. Parry, Indianapolis. The meeting last night was devoted to the consideration of various details in the pro-

DEATH ON THE ELEVATED ROAD STAIRS.

C. E. WILLARD SLIPS AND FRACTURES HIS SKULL

Charles Erastus Willard, who was well known in life insurance circles, died as the result of a fall yesterday. At il a. m. he left his apariments, in the Beresford, at Eighty-first-st, and Central Park West, where he lived with his wife, to keep a business appointment. The engagement called for his presence downtown, so he decided to take the elevated railroad. As he was ascending the stairs of the Eighty-first-st. station on the Ninth-ave. line either stumbled or was stricken with a sudden illness, which caused him to lose the power of his legs, and he fell backward, striking his head on steps and fracturing his skull. He was picked up by several persons a few moments later, half way down the steps and was carried to a drug store nearby. There he was examined by Dr. of Eighty-second-st. and Columbus-ave.

Mr. Willard was about fifty years old and was of the Rev. Charles Willard. He was born as on of the Rev. Charles Willard. He was born at Ogdensburg. N. Y., and was graduated from Brown University. He subsequently engaged in business in Hartford. Conn. Later he became identified with the Railway Passenger Assurance Company Since then he had been prominent in insurance circles. Until last year he was president of the Provident Savings Life Assurance Society, of No. 29 Broadway. At the time of his death he had been for several years the superintendent of the Sunday-school of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church.

Church.

The arrangements for the funeral are not made.

1898.

53D ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF THE
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NEWARK, N. J.

AMZI DODD, President. RECEIPTS IN 1807.

Balance January 1st, 1897..... EXPENDITURES IN 1897.
Claims by Death
Endowments and Annuities
Surrendered Policies
Dividends or Return Premiums.
(Paid Policyholders, \$7,534,348.02.) Taxes
Expenses, including Agents' Commissions, Advertising, Salaries, &c.
Profit and Loss Account, including Premiums on Bonda Purchased, and \$100,000 charged off from Real Estate to cover possible depreciation. 1.346.792.65

ASSETS JANUARY 18T, 1898
Leans on Collateral, U. S. Bonds and
other Securities.
United States and other Bonds, par.
First Bonds and Mortgages on Real Eslate

Real Estate
Loans on Folicies in Force.
Agents' Balances and Cash Obligations.

Total LIABILITIES.
Reserve Fund, 4 per cent. \$58,048,034 00
Policy Claims in process of 258,70 252,276 70 Potential of \$34,550, hereafter payable on Maturel Instalment Bonds. Allowance for Unpresented and Contingent Claims. Dividends due and unpaid. Premiums paid in advance. 25,873 86

Surplus by Legal Standard of N. J., N. Y., etc., based on Market Value of Assets and 4 per cent Reserve.

Policies issued and revived in 1897.

15.140, insuring \$24.616.016

Policies in force January 1st. 1899.

12.738, insuring \$234.696.036

Pred'k M. Shepard.

Edward H. Wright,
Benjamin C. Miller,
Franklin Murphy,
Amri Dodd,
Amri Dodd,

Amri Dodd,

Surplus

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L. SPENCER GOBLE, State Agent, 137 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

THE OHIO BRIBERY CHARGES.

INVESTIGATION FINISHED IN CINCIN-SOME OF THE WITNESSES DECLINE TO ANSWER

QUESTIONS - THE INQUIRY TO BE CON-TINUED IN COLUMBUS.

Cincinnati, Jan. 24.—The legislative committee tonight closed its investigation in this city of the Otis charges of bribery in the recent election of United States Senator. The Senate will continue its work at Columbus. Thirty witnesses have been examined here since last Friday, most of them being employes of the Gibson House, of telegraph and telephone companies, and of the Union Trust and Savings Bank. Jared P. Bliss, Allen O. Meyers, sr., and E. P. Archer were the other principal witnesses. They returned to Columbus to-night with the committee. The attorneys and three members of the House Committee also returned.

As the evidence of Representative John C. Otts and Colonel Thomas C. Campbell will be very lengthy, they were not called here, but Mr. Otts will probably be the next witness at Columbus. The employes of President Schmidlapp's bank and Harry M. Daughtery, chairman of the State Republican Central Committee, to-day declined either to be sworn or to answer questions. Chairman Burke announced that as soon as the committee was through with all the willing witnesses, proceedings would at once be taken to bring the unwilling witnesses before the bar of the Senate for punish-

Allen O. Meyers, sr., was the first witness to-day. On January 7 he was at the Great Southern Hotel, in Columbus, where Mr. Kurtz and others opposing Senator Hanna were then stopping. His son, Allen Senator Hanna were then stopping. His son, on the control of the Columbus with copies of stenographic reports of Boyce's talks from Cincinnati over the telephone with the Hanna headquarters in Columbus. As The phrase "Tammany Hall buffet" promises to he matter pertained to Republicans, he turned it all over to Kurtz, and introduced his son to him. Kurtz told Meyers that Hollenbeck would go to Cincinnati with money. Meyers detailed the shadowing of Hollenbeck from Columbus to Cincinnati and back, also the carriage drives of Boyce about

The testimony of Meyers caused quite a stir, especially when he became very angry on the cross-examination by Senator Garfield. He denied that the Boyce-Hollenbeck story about the bribery of the witness that he need not reply to anything that would incriminate himself. Meyers became intensely enraged, and Chairman Burke had diffi-culty in proceeding with the inquiry.

E. H. Archer, of Columbus, Deputy State Ratt-way Commissioner, testified to following H. H. Hollenbeck from Columbus to Cincinnati and pointing him out to "Jerry" Bliss and the Cetec ives at the station. He talked rapidly, without questions being asked. He told about shadowing Hellenbeing asked. He told about snadowing itener-beck from the Nell House to the columbus sta-tion, and about watching his reovements on the trada and in his berth all night. Hollenbeck car-ried his valise to the toller-room with him and wherever he went, and took it with him into an upper borth. He did not undress in the sleeper, and borth. He did not unders in the sheeper, and wed messages in care of the conductor along oute. The rest of Archer's testimony covered shadowing in Cincinnail and Columbus that been covered by the witnesses on Saturday, ther said he was a volunteer with Kurtz and Republicans in seeking the defeat of Schator with the way of controlled as a detective. other Republicans in seeking the defeat of Senator Hanna; that he was not employed as a detective, but had worked for weeks for the good of the cause. Harry M. Daugherty, chairman of the Republican State Executive Committee, was called, but refused to be sworn, because, he asserted, that the committee had no jurisdettion in the Olis case. He was asked if he sent the telegram signed "H. D" to Hollenbeck while he was on the train, but refused to answer this question and all others put to him.

to him.

Archer, on being recalled, testified that T. J.
Mulvihili, one of the Democratic leaders against
Hanna, was also on the train with Hollenbeck.
Archer and Mulvihill got Hollenbeck's telegrams,
and Mulvihill answered them, signing Hollenbeck's
name to messages signed Major Dick, idanna's

and Mulvihill answered them, signing Holestocks name to messages signed Major Dick, danna's manager.

Detective Miller was recalled to explain the telephone talks of Boyce and others with Major Hathbone and others at Hanna headquarters. Miller had four men besides himself shadowing Peyce and Hollenbeck. Detective Slessinger followed Hollenbeck back to Columbus. Miller shadowed Hoyce back. The trail was lost in Columbus, Boyce and Hollenbeck only stopping there between trains.

E. B. Voorhels, vice-president and director of the Union Trust and Savings Bank, was called, but refused to be sworn, because his attorney advised him that the committee had no jurisdiction. While Voorhels declined to answer questions, he was kept on the stand a long time. Many questions were asked him about President Schmidlapp being absent on January 7 and 8 and about Casaler Caylor coming to him regarding H. H. Hollenbeck's credit. Voorhels refused to state whether he knew or met or ever received notes or letters from Hollenbeck. He refused to state whether Caylor came to him with Hollenbeck and whether the latter had an order or draft for \$20,000 or any amount.

Rudolph Koehler, cashier of the Union Trust and Savings Bank, refused to be sworn and declined to answer questions. He said that President Schmidiapp was absent on January 7 and 8. He saw Vice-President Voorhels.

SOUTHERN SHAD COMING IN.

The season of the shad has come around sgain, Market in the last two or three days. The fish came from Virginia and other Southern waters, and readily sold at from 30 to 25 cents a pound The dealers in Fulton Market said yesterday that some weeks would elapse before the Hudson River who had helped to carry him into the place, and pronounced dead. The body was taken to his home. their annual yield of shad. Until then prices will remain at about their present level. By lovers of this fish it will be learned with disappointment that the shad supply from New-York waters is gradually diminishing, and that compared with the catches of five or six years ago, comparatively few of the fish are taken in the Sound and along the shores of the Eastern States. The reason for the falling off is the increasing traffic on the Sound and the Northern rivers, and the greater amount of pollution of these waters.

Are you hunting for Klondike outfitters? You will find a list in the narrow columns of to-day's

HAD TO DROP MR. HILL.

AND THE CONCERN PROMPTLY DISPENSED WITH

THE EX-SENATOR'S SERVICES-HOW HE

LOOKS UPON THE EFFORTS OF THE

CROKER BROUGHT PRESSURE ON A CORPORATION.

his light against David B. Hill have demonstrated to those few within the organization who hoped for a reconciliation that such an outcome is im-possible. Within the last week, in the course of a

business transaction, Hill's services were engaged 283,769 80 by a large corporation. Croker went to the head of the concern, which is always afraid of hostile legislation, and said grimly: "You can have Hill, or you can leave him alone That is your matter. Any firm is free to employ whom it chooses. But no one who has any sympathy with Tammany Hall will touch Hill. You profess friendship to our organization and expect certain things from the organization. Well and good. You can have what you want; but you can't have Hill too. Drop Hill, or you need expect

but open warfare from Tammany Hall." Mr. Hill's services were dispensed with. Croker is sending emissaries through the State promising to reward those who desert Hill and come to him, and threatening that he will destroy and drive out of political life every man who clings \$61,096,821 32 to Hill. So arrogant has he become that he has frightened his partner in the new combination, Senator Murphy. Murphy is a friend of the ex-Senator, and it is well known that Murphy cannot be induced to make an open fight on Hill. The Sen ator is trying to assist Mr. Croker in his aspiration to make Tammany dominant in the State, and at the conference held at the home of ex-Mayor Hugh J. Grant last week Senator Murphy tried to persuad Mr. Croker to go easy in his war on Mr. Hill, and make his fight for the control of delegates along other lines than that of antagonism to Hill. Mr. Croker refused absolutely. The tocsin of Tammany 58,864,824 60 Hall now is "Down with Hill."

This, according to a prominent Democratic State leader who saw Mr. Hill on Sunday, is just what the ex-Senator wants. "Let them turn on me," Mr. Hill is reported to have said, "that is hest for us. I do not see how it will help them any Mr. Croker by his arrogance and threats is working to his own undotns. He will find that by the time he goes into the State convention he will have, through his own tactics and brutality, ar-rayed the whole State against him. Even if it is not myself, some one will come to the front as the anti-Tammany leader, and this opposition force will be enough to crush Croker. While Mr. Croker is building up his machine, by his very tactics he i-building up another machine that will crush him.

This is ex-Senator Hill's attitude, and he is represented as delighted with the way things are going. When his friends from various parts of the

resented as delighted with the way things are going. When his friends from various parts of the State have come to see him, Mr. Hill has said in response to their inquiries about Mr. Croker's war upon him: "Yes, I have seen what Mr. Croker's war upon him: "Yes, I have seen what Mr. Croker's war upon him: "Yes, I have seen what Mr. Croker's war upon him: "Yes, I have seen what Mr. Croker's war upon him: "Yes, I have seen what Mr. Croker's war upon him: "Yes, I have seen what Mr. Croker's war upon him: "Yes, I have seen what Mr. Croker's me a prominent Democrat from up the State and one who will not fall in with that dictation. He has turned on me, as he will turn on you or anybody that opposes him. I haven't made any fight against him, and don't intend to. When the State Convention meets I shall be there to do what I can to help, but I am not leading say anti-Tammany fight. Mr. Croker is trying to kill the Democracy up the State, and you are as much concerned as I am. That is all there is to it. While Mr. Croker is making some headway in corralling followers up the State, the opposition to him is bitter. He has not yet succeeded in pledging Brooklyn to his support in the City. Mr. McLaugchin and his friends have objected strenuously to the offices they have received. Mr. Croker, at the recent conferences between the two, said bravely: "You can talk Brooklyn all you want to, but there is only one New-York." Mr. McLaugchin said quietly: "Go ahead, and see if there isn't a Brooklyn." The result of the conference was that the Tammany boss backed down a bit and promised almost anything. He will have a hard time to pledge the Brooklyn people for the fight in the State, and there a those who declare confidently that McLaughlin and his men will be with Hill when the time comes.

Hugh McLaughlin will start for Florida the last Hugh McLaughlin will start for Florida the last

THE TAMMANY BUFFET. AN APT AND EXPRESSIVE NAME FOR THE DEM OCRATIC CLUB.

"No," he said, "I was up at the buffet annex."
The phrase "Tammany Hall buffet," promise. eling to the club. Great feats in the way of absorbing liquors are accomplished there each night Some time ago a reporter of The Tribune, somewhat curious as to the outcome if the credit system were maintained, asked Mr. Croker if the credit system would remain in force. Mr. Croker squinted his eyes and said abruptly; "Why?"

"Well," replied the reporter," "in taking in so many members all at once, and of all kinds, are you not afraid that in the school there will be

some who will abuse the privilege?" Mr. Croker said that he thought the club was able to stand it and that the credit system would be continued. The system has been continued, but it doesn't always "go." A Tribune reporter recently was standing by a table where a Tammany district leader was sitting with a number of friends drinking. A waiter came up to the leader and handing him back a check upon which the leader had signed his name said tersely;

The steward says you will have to pay cash, "Why?" said the leader in evident surprise, "I saw Blakely Hall just sign a check. Why can't

saw Blakely Hall just sign a check. Why can't I?"

"Don't know, sir," said the waiter quietly, "but the steward says he gets his orders from Mr. Croker," and he slightly turned his eyes toward the corner where Mr. Croker was slitting.

The Tammany leader's eyes followed him, and then he flushed and mumbled, "To be sure; to be sure," and paid the money without a murmur. This gives a good idea of Mr. Croker's domination of these he has gathered around him there. The amount of drinking done has taxed the capacity of the club. The Tribune has amounced hefore that previous to the decision to move it was considered advisable to lengthen the building to get a har of adequate length. Yesterday workmen were busy reconstructing the bathroom into a buffet. When an absent-minded member protested, "Tim" Sullivan said with withering scorn: "Wat t'ell did yer want wid a bat'room, any-how?"

DELEGATES FROM THE HAY TRADE. Canajoharie, N. Y., Jan. 24.-The National Hay Association will send E. L. Rogers, of Philadelphia, Association and Willis Bullock, Editor of "The its president, and Willis Bullock, Editor of "The Hay Trade Journal." of Canajoharie, as its rep-resentatives to the Indianapolis Monetary Conven-

Y. M. C. A. ANNIVERSARY.

IT IS FORTY-FIVE YEARS OLD-ADDRESSES BY PRESIDENT DODGE, DR. CUYLER AND PROFESSOR SLOANE.

The forty-fifth anniversary of the Young Men's Christian Association of the City of New-York was third-st. and Fourth-ave. There was a large audience and much enthusiasm.

Cleveland H. Dodge presided, and made his annual report as president of the association, describmany lines of activity. He said that the French branch had recently received one of three medals given by the French Government to the educational institutions in this country which were doing most

for Frenchmen. . The Rev. Dr. Theodore L. Cuyler began his address by saying that forty-four years ago he "helped to rock the cradle" of the Young Men's Christian Association. He said that the New-York association is "the greatest on the round globe, and it is the greatest because the conscience and common-sense of the community has been behird it." Dr. Cuyler, speaking of the men whom the association should reach—the unemployed man, who is "Satan's pasture-ground always," and the young country fellow, "who comes dazed with the spectacle of rapid wealth, and gets the tarantula in his brain." The many dangers that surround these young men, he added, are all magnified by "the maiaria of skepticism that is in the air."

Professor William M. Sloane, of Columbia University, emphasized the social side of the association's work and the benefits of co-operation. 'helped to rock the cradle" of the Young Men's

A VENERABLE YARN ABOUT MR. DEPEW. The story about Chauncey M. Depew's engagement is revived once more. This occurs once or twice a year with solemn regularity. Mr. Depew was as much amused yesterday at the report as he has been by the others. He says that he is happy, hearty, eligible and willing to be caught, but so far as he knows he is still untrammelled. l and 665 Broadway, at 10:45 o'clock last night, he

The Mananaler Stores
Recapitulation and Reinforcement

THERE can be no better store news to-day than the store news of yesterday, with such amendment and addition as circumstances enforce and permit. Bargain tales such as yesterday's may be twice-told, though the second telling must be brief, for new events crowd closely and clamor for recognition.

So here is a recapitulation from yesterday, showing what of its advantages may still be reaped, with new items belonging to the offerings of to-day.

Women's Dresses for 1898

THE smart dressers who like to get the first touch of the new styles are invited to inspect our collection of Spring costumes. We do not think its equal can be found on



this side of the Atlantic, -yet it is but a advance showing.

We shall carry the element of exclusiveness farther this season than it has ever been carried before. The factor of lowest prices remains as heretofore. Our figures will be competitive, and the lowest for the

A hint or two, -but such costumes as these do not yield readily to condensed de-

\$20—Of broadcloth, black, blue or green; blouse front or fly front jacket; all lined with changeable or Roman striped taffeta; excellent value. At \$50—Of broadcloth, black or brown; tight fitting waist; turn down revers; waist and skirt prettily braid-trimmed and silk lined throughout; dust

At \$55—Of gray broadcloth; waist with Eton back, blouse front; novel-shaped turned back revers, faced with gray satin; new and artistic designs in cording on both waist and skirt; studding of steel rail heads adds to the originality; skirt new circu-

lar shape.

At \$65—Of Castor broadcloth; box front, Saddler jacket; skirt with Spanish ruffle and demi-train; upper part of skirt and lower part of waist studded with steel nail heads.

At \$160-An elegant costume, with three distinct skirts of mesh net on a foundation of black taffeta; upper skirt very fine, with beautiful floral designs in jet spangles; waist with Marie Antoinette front; trimmed at neck with knife-plaited mousseline de

stones, elegantly set, at waist, and two at neck HERE are the rustlers, and they are marked at prices Petticoats. which add a new element of desirability. Qualities here which you'll

them even doubly attractive. At \$5-Of changeable taffeta; corded umbrella ruffle

and dust ruffle.

At \$6—Of Roman striped taffeta; Spanish flounce, limed with percaline, two small ruffles; rows of cording above. Also one of Roman striped taffeta with corded umbrella ruffle and dust ruffle. At \$6.50—Of Roman striped taffeta; Spanish flounce faced with percaline; 7-in. ruffle on bottom with 3 rows of cording above; velveteen bound. Also one with dark ground handsome striped satin corded Spanish flounce; velveteen bound; value,

At \$7.50-Roman striped taffeta; Spanish flounce, with two small ruffles on bottom, cording above;

velveteen bound. At \$9-Of handsome changeable taffeta; French back; full 9-in ruffle on bottom, with stitching or ruffle; dust ruffle and feather bone.

At \$10.50—Of changeable taffeta; Spanish flounce, with four narrow ruffles; corded edge, dust ruffle and feather bone.

Remarkable Sale of Leather Goods

WE told about this yesterday afternoon, but the sale begins this morning, so it's fresh news.

We have the sample line of a very well-known manufacturer of the finer kinds of leather goods. There are twenty-seven hundred and eighty-seven pieces, and they're all

Half Prices and Less.

Collar and Cuff Cases Pocket-Books Photograph Frames Letter Cases Note Books

Handkerchief Boxes Traveling Mirrors Card Cases Scissor Cases Men's Wallets Chatelaine Bags

lewel Cases Shopping Bags Cigarette Cases Men's Pocket-books Stationery Racks

It's hard to give an idea in this space of the values here. Take the items of Belts, for instance. In all the leathers and in all good styles. \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2 at regular prices, all go at twenty five cents each. Pocket-books, most of them elaborately silver-trimmed, at regular prices \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, \$3 and \$4,-take any of them at fifty cents. There are others which would cost you up to \$10 each, -take them at half,—often at less.

Every piece is new in style, most of them are perfectly fresh.some show a little rubbing. All the skins which were ever tanned into

leather for commercial purposes are represented.

Regarding the Organdies

THERE aren't so many yards of the seventeen-cent Organdies by many thousands this morning as yesterday. They were honored with one of the most enthusiastic receptions a bargain offer ever had.

There are enough left to-day, however, to justify a mention. If you didn't see yesterday's story, know that we are giving you a choice from an assortment of 135 patterns of the highest class, on the very finest Organdies ever imported from Alsace.

Our price is seventeen cents a yard. You know the regular price.

Concerning the Silks at Half Price

THERE remain, of the 12,000 yards of silk of vesterday morning, only a few hundred yards of the finer kinds. We warned you to come early.

The finer silks remaining include some of the greatest values of the sale. There is a handful of the 75c. taffetas, formerly \$1.50, and a very good assortment of the finest French Novelty Silks at \$1, formerly \$2 and \$2.50; at \$1.25, formerly \$2.50 and \$3; and at \$2, formerly \$4 to \$5.50. Come to-day if you wish any of these.

A Sale of Black Dress Goods

BLACK Bedford Cords, as staple as cashmere, at a price which will make the 1,300 yards we have but the tale of a day. The dye is a deep rich black, the goods 39 inches wide. It is such a chance as comes only to Wanamaker's, and none too often even here. The reguappreciate, and figures which will make lar price, 50c. yard, is as fixed as the price of gold. But our figure while these pieces last is one in defiance of all precedent,

28c. a vard.

That price wouldn't buy enough wool to make a yard of the

A Sale of Cups and Saucers

FANCY shaped cups and saucers,—the elaborate, fantastic, beautiful things, in decorations which make them as suitable for a cabinet as for practical service. There are 2,000 of them, in the best of English and French china. They were formerly a dollar, a dollar-and-a-half and two dollars each. Take them quickly at

50c. each.

There are tea cups, coffee cups, after-dinner coffee cups and mous-

JOHN WANAMAKER

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co., Broadway, 4th ave., 9th and 10th sts.

TO GO RIGHT ON.

THE COMMITTEE OF FIFTY-THREE NOT BLUFFED BY MACHINE TALK OF A FAIR PRIMARY LAW.

Republicans of this city who are interested in a reorganization of the party in this city do not even if the Legislature passes a pure primary law which would insure honesty and fairness primary elections. The views of William H. Kenthat subject were expressed in his letter to the District which The Tribune published yesterday, but in an interview yesterday Mr. Kenyon said:

The sudden scramble of the machine for a prithat direction a hope of diverting public attention from itself, and a chance quietly to retain its hold Our revolt is not alone against methods of enroll-It is more distinctly and primarily a revolu against methods and leadership within the er rolled organization. Our movement will go right on, to the end that the local party may renovated and reorganized that we can stay in it and be led by its leaders."

General Wager Swayne, when asked yesterday if the Committee of Fifty-three would abandon its work in the event of the passage of a satisfactory law, replied: "Most decidedly not. The work of the committee will go right on. Ex-Alderman Benjamin E. Hall, of No. 32 Nas-

sau-st., in reply to the same question, said: "Such a primary law would not create a new and honest organization in the city of New-York, and that is what the Committee of Fifty-three is after. As I understand it, the committee desires to establish an organization in which Republicans will have some confidence, for it is very evident that the majority of the city Republicans have lost all conmajority of the city Republicans have lost all confidence in the old organization, whether deservedly or not. I believe it is the feeling of the Committee of Fifty-three that the only possible way to secure an honest, vigorous and successful organization to represent Republicans of this county is the way the committee has taken, namely, to establish a new organization in which every Republican will have a fair chance to express his opinions, and in which Republicans alone will govern its deliberations. In many of the election districts no primaries were held at all, and in others there were only nominal elections. It is impossible, we think to induce Republicans to return to an organization which has been so thoroughly discredited. What else then can be done by Republicans who wish for the success of the party, except the establishment of a new organization which will be honest and representative?

Charles F. Horner, of No. 115 Spring-st., when asked for his opinion regarding the proposed primary election law, said: "I look upon it as a trick to head off our efforts. It has no other bearing upon our movement. We have no failth that any primary law emanating from that source will have any other object than to defeat Republican reorganization. We shall go right on and try to have intelligent voters, who have an interest in the Republican party and pay taxes, have a voice not only in their primaries, but in the conventions."

FIRE IN THE NEW YORK HOTEL. As Thomas McDonald, the barkeeper, was talk-

MGibbon & Co.

Last Two Weeks of Our Removal Sale and many wonderful bargains will be offered during that time.

Upholstery Fabrics at half original price. Lace Curtains \$2 per pair and upwards. Linen Goods-Table Cloths, Napkins, Towels, Linen Pillow Cases, Hemstitched Sheets, Blankets, Quilts and Comfortables-these also at special values.

heard a crackling coming from the floor beneath his feet. When he opened the door to the baseme an immense volume of smoke drove him back and filled the upper floors of the hotel. guests fled to the street, while McDonald turned in an alarm. The damage was small. The fire is supposed to have originated from a lighted gas jet, blowing against a wooden cornice.

A PROTEST FROM "THE JOURNAL."

ITS COUNSEL RESENT AN ALLEGED ATTEMPT BY "THE WORLD" TO PRY INTO ITS AFFAIRS.

Edwin Einstein, of the firm of Einstein & Townend, counsel for "The New-York Journal," asked vacate an order granted some time ago by Justice Pryor for the examination, before trial, of W. R. Hearst, the proprietor of that newspaper, and C M. Palmer, treasurer of "The New-York Journal" Association, in a sult brought by the Press Publishing Company, the corporation publishing "The for an injunction restraining the World," for an injunction restraining the Associated Press from furnishing its news service to "The Journal." Justice Pryor's order directed Mr. Hearst and Mr. Palmer not only to submit to examination, but to produce all the books of "The Journal" for inspection, and counsel for "The Journal" protested emphatically against this, asserting that "The World" was actuated by spite in the suit, and that its action in seeking to see "The Journal's" books was an attempt to use the Court, as a weapon to pry into its rival's resources in the struggle for supremacy between the two papers. Counsel for "The World" returned an equally emphatic denial to this charge. Justice Cohen reserved decision. European Advertisemenis.

EUROPEANS AND TRAVELLERS WILL SEE the London office of The Tribune, 149 Fleet Street, a convenient place to leave their advertisements and subscriptions for The Tribune.

London.

First Avenue Hotel,

One of the best for real comfort and moderate charges,

High Holborn.

Convenient alike for City, Law Courts and West End. The Gordon Hotels, Limited

Proprietors,

THE BRITANNIA SOLD TO MR. HOOLET. London, Jan. 24.-John Lawson Johnstone, ef Kent, has sold the racing cutter Britannia, formerly the property of the Prince of Wales, to Ernest Terah Hooley, the millionaire